

Canada's Changing Climate Report

Chapter 8: Changes in Extremes

Supplementary Material

Table 8.S1: Observed regional changes in temperature extremes during the 1949-2023 period. Trends are expressed per decade and include 95% uncertainty ranges. For each extreme temperature index, trends are shown for two datasets: the third generation of the Canadian homogenized temperature dataset (Vincent et al., 2020) extended to 2023 (as version 3.1 used in Chapter 2) and the fourth generation homogenized temperature dataset (Wan et al., 2025) using station data without infilling for consistency with version 3 (which did not use infilling) and CCCR2019. The calculations of indices and trends are based on station data and closely follow Vincent et al. (2018) and CCCR2019. Data source: Wan et al. (2025); Vincent et al. (2020).

		Change in highest daily maximum temperature	Change in lowest daily minimum temperature	Change in number of hot days (>30 °C)	Change in number of cold nights (<-30 °C)
Canada	v4	0.18 (0.08, 0.28)	0.49 (0.33, 0.65)	0.30 (0.14, 0.45)	-1.68 (-2.23, -1.14)
	v3	0.15 (0.06, 0.25)	0.50 (0.34, 0.68)	0.30 (0.14, 0.45)	-1.88 (-2.38, -1.37)
British Columbia	v4	0.19 (0.06, 0.33)	0.59 (0.21, 1.01)	0.51 (0.19, 0.81)	-0.51 (-0.91, -0.13)
	v3	0.20 (0.06, 0.34)	0.62 (0.22, 1.00)	0.52 (0.19, 0.81)	-0.55 (-1.01, -0.17)
Prairies	v4	0.04 (-0.11, 0.20)	0.39 (0.14, 0.68)	0.19 (-0.09, 0.49)	-1.61 (-2.29, -0.57)
	v3	0.05 (-0.09, 0.20)	0.41 (0.15, 0.70)	0.23 (-0.09, 0.54)	-1.84 (-2.67, -0.72)
Ontario	v4	0.12 (-0.03, 0.25)	0.25 (0.02, 0.49)	0.49 (0.11, 0.86)	-0.51 (-0.89, -0.15)
	v3	0.07 (-0.08, 0.21)	0.29 (0.02, 0.55)	0.40 (-0.10, 0.85)	-0.74 (-1.14, -0.32)
Quebec	v4	0.18 (0.07, 0.28)	0.39 (0.14, 0.65)	0.25 (0.11, 0.41)	-0.81 (-1.29, -0.28)
	v3	0.11 (-0.02, 0.23)	0.37 (0.15, 0.55)	0.23 (0.05, 0.39)	-0.75 (-1.32, -0.26)
Atlantic Canada	v4	0.24 (0.10, 0.36)	0.38 (0.11, 0.68)	0.22 (0.09, 0.32)	-0.02 (-0.04, -0.00)
	v3	0.18 (0.05, 0.28)	0.43 (0.10, 0.72)	0.16 (0.04, 0.26)	-0.01 (-0.03, 0.00)
Canada's North	v4	0.23 (0.10, 0.37)	0.63 (0.48, 0.81)	0.09 (0.03, 0.18)	-3.49 (-4.55, -2.44)
	v3	0.23 (0.12, 0.34)	0.70 (0.52, 0.88)	0.13 (0.05, 0.23)	-4.00 (-5.02, -3.08)

Table 8.S2: **TXx**: Highest daily maximum temperature. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	26.3 °C (26.1, 26.8)	0.9 °C (0.4, 1.3)	1.6 °C (1.2, 2.4)	2.5 °C (1.9, 3.5)	3.2 °C (2.6, 4.6)	4.0 °C (3.1, 5.5)	5.1 °C (3.8, 6.6)
British Columbia	26.7 °C (26.2, 27.2)	0.9 °C (0.3, 1.6)	1.8 °C (1.2, 2.7)	2.6 °C (1.8, 3.6)	3.5 °C (2.6, 5.0)	4.4 °C (3.2, 5.7)	5.4 °C (4.2, 7.3)
Prairies	31.7 °C (31.1, 32.4)	1.0 °C (0.1, 1.7)	1.9 °C (0.9, 2.9)	2.9 °C (1.5, 3.8)	3.7 °C (2.3, 5.0)	4.6 °C (3.1, 6.3)	5.6 °C (4.1, 7.6)
Ontario	32.1 °C (31.6, 32.7)	0.9 °C (0.1, 1.6)	1.8 °C (0.9, 2.8)	2.5 °C (1.8, 3.8)	3.4 °C (2.3, 5.0)	4.2 °C (3.1, 6.0)	5.1 °C (3.6, 7.0)
Quebec	28.3 °C (27.9, 28.7)	0.7 °C (0.2, 1.6)	1.5 °C (0.9, 2.6)	2.4 °C (1.6, 3.6)	3.1 °C (2.4, 4.5)	4.0 °C (2.9, 5.3)	4.6 °C (3.6, 6.6)
Atlantic Canada	28.2 °C (27.9, 28.6)	0.8 °C (0.3, 1.5)	1.5 °C (1.0, 2.5)	2.3 °C (1.6, 3.5)	3.0 °C (2.2, 4.3)	3.8 °C (2.8, 5.0)	4.5 °C (3.5, 6.2)
Canada's North	21.4 °C (20.9, 21.8)	0.8 °C (0.2, 1.3)	1.6 °C (0.8, 2.5)	2.4 °C (1.6, 3.2)	3.0 °C (2.3, 4.7)	3.6 °C (3.0, 5.6)	4.8 °C (3.7, 6.7)

Table 8.S3: **TN_n**: Lowest daily minimum temperature. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	-38.5 °C (-38.9, -37.8)	1.4 °C (0.5, 2.2)	2.8 °C (1.9, 4.0)	4.4 °C (3.2, 6.0)	6.0 °C (4.5, 8.0)	7.8 °C (5.7, 9.3)	9.3 °C (6.8, 11.5)
British Columbia	-29.6 °C (-30.6, -28.0)	1.1 °C (-0.6, 2.2)	2.3 °C (0.8, 4.1)	3.5 °C (1.9, 5.3)	4.7 °C (2.7, 6.7)	6.1 °C (3.7, 7.9)	6.6 °C (5.3, 9.5)
Prairies	-39.0 °C (-39.8, -37.9)	1.2 °C (0.2, 2.4)	2.6 °C (1.4, 3.8)	4.2 °C (2.7, 5.7)	5.4 °C (4.1, 7.5)	6.8 °C (5.0, 8.8)	8.1 °C (6.4, 10.8)
Ontario	-36.3 °C (-36.8, -35.5)	1.5 °C (0.7, 2.7)	3.1 °C (1.4, 4.6)	4.7 °C (2.9, 6.9)	6.3 °C (4.4, 8.4)	8.3 °C (5.4, 10.1)	10.2 °C (7.0, 12.0)
Quebec	-37.0 °C (-37.6, -36.4)	1.7 °C (0.7, 2.8)	3.4 °C (1.9, 4.8)	5.4 °C (3.4, 7.5)	6.9 °C (5.0, 9.6)	8.9 °C (6.4, 11.3)	10.8 °C (8.3, 13.5)
Atlantic Canada	-28.7 °C (-29.2, -28.2)	1.6 °C (0.6, 2.2)	3.1 °C (1.6, 4.4)	4.8 °C (3.0, 6.4)	6.3 °C (4.4, 8.1)	8.1 °C (6.0, 9.5)	9.7 °C (7.2, 11.8)
Canada's North	-43.0 °C (-43.6, -42.4)	1.4 °C (0.5, 2.3)	2.8 °C (1.8, 4.0)	4.4 °C (3.3, 6.1)	6.2 °C (4.3, 8.4)	7.8 °C (5.6, 10.0)	9.3 °C (7.1, 12.1)

Table 8.S4: **TNx**: Highest daily minimum temperature. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	14.0 °C (13.7, 14.2)	0.8 °C (0.5, 1.0)	1.5 °C (1.2, 2.0)	2.2 °C (1.9, 2.7)	2.9 °C (2.6, 3.8)	3.7 °C (3.2, 4.5)	4.5 °C (3.9, 5.3)
British Columbia	11.4 °C (11.1, 11.7)	0.8 °C (0.5, 1.1)	1.5 °C (1.2, 1.9)	2.2 °C (1.9, 2.8)	3.0 °C (2.5, 3.6)	3.8 °C (3.2, 4.4)	4.5 °C (3.8, 5.4)
Prairies	17.0 °C (16.6, 17.4)	0.9 °C (0.3, 1.3)	1.8 °C (1.1, 2.3)	2.5 °C (1.8, 3.2)	3.3 °C (2.5, 4.2)	4.1 °C (3.1, 5.0)	4.9 °C (4.2, 5.7)
Ontario	19.4 °C (19.0, 19.7)	0.8 °C (0.4, 1.2)	1.5 °C (1.1, 2.1)	2.3 °C (1.7, 3.0)	3.0 °C (2.4, 3.9)	3.7 °C (3.0, 4.8)	4.3 °C (3.8, 5.4)
Quebec	16.2 °C (15.9, 16.4)	0.7 °C (0.4, 1.2)	1.4 °C (0.9, 2.2)	2.1 °C (1.6, 2.9)	2.8 °C (2.2, 3.6)	3.4 °C (2.9, 4.3)	4.1 °C (3.7, 5.1)
Atlantic Canada	16.6 °C (16.3, 16.9)	0.8 °C (0.3, 1.2)	1.4 °C (0.9, 2.1)	2.2 °C (1.4, 2.7)	2.7 °C (2.1, 3.4)	3.4 °C (2.8, 4.1)	4.2 °C (3.4, 5.1)
Canada's North	10.6 °C (10.3, 10.9)	0.7 °C (0.4, 1.1)	1.5 °C (1.0, 2.1)	2.3 °C (1.8, 2.8)	2.9 °C (2.5, 4.0)	3.6 °C (3.1, 4.8)	4.8 °C (3.6, 5.5)

Table 8.S5: **TXn**: Lowest daily maximum temperature. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	-29.7 °C (-30.2, -29.0)	1.3 °C (0.4, 2.2)	2.7 °C (1.7, 4.1)	4.4 °C (3.2, 5.9)	6.0 °C (4.2, 7.6)	7.5 °C (5.6, 9.2)	8.9 °C (6.6, 11.3)
British Columbia	-20.4 °C (-21.4, -19.1)	0.9 °C (-0.9, 2.0)	2.0 °C (0.5, 3.6)	3.1 °C (1.7, 4.9)	4.0 °C (2.5, 5.7)	5.2 °C (2.9, 6.9)	5.4 °C (4.2, 8.0)
Prairies	-28.6 °C (-29.3, -27.6)	1.1 °C (-0.2, 2.1)	2.3 °C (1.3, 4.0)	3.9 °C (2.5, 5.8)	5.3 °C (3.7, 6.8)	6.7 °C (4.8, 8.2)	7.7 °C (5.8, 10.1)
Ontario	-24.2 °C (-24.9, -23.2)	1.4 °C (0.5, 2.5)	3.0 °C (1.5, 4.2)	4.7 °C (2.9, 6.0)	6.3 °C (4.0, 7.4)	7.8 °C (5.5, 8.7)	9.5 °C (6.6, 10.8)
Quebec	-26.2 °C (-26.8, -25.4)	1.7 °C (0.7, 2.7)	3.5 °C (1.9, 4.7)	5.5 °C (3.3, 6.9)	7.0 °C (5.2, 8.8)	9.0 °C (7.0, 10.9)	10.4 °C (8.3, 12.8)
Atlantic Canada	-19.5 °C (-20.2, -18.9)	1.5 °C (0.5, 2.2)	3.2 °C (1.7, 4.3)	4.7 °C (2.9, 5.8)	6.0 °C (4.5, 7.7)	7.3 °C (6.0, 9.4)	8.5 °C (7.2, 11.1)
Canada's North	-36.7 °C (-37.4, -35.9)	1.4 °C (0.4, 2.4)	2.8 °C (1.7, 4.2)	4.5 °C (3.1, 6.1)	6.2 °C (4.2, 8.2)	7.5 °C (5.6, 9.9)	9.2 °C (7.1, 12.4)

Table 8.S6: **TNm30**: Number of cold nights (Number of days per year with a minimum temperature below -30°C). Region-averaged values for the recent past ($+1^{\circ}\text{C}$) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	37.7 days (35.6, 40.3)	31.3 days (27.7, 35.1)	25.8 days (19.9, 29.0)	19.4 days (13.1, 23.3)	14.3 days (8.2, 18.9)	9.8 days (5.0, 13.8)	6.5 days (2.3, 10.4)
British Columbia	4.6 days (3.9, 5.4)	3.8 days (2.8, 4.8)	2.9 days (2.1, 4.0)	2.1 days (1.2, 3.1)	1.5 days (0.7, 2.6)	1.1 days (0.5, 2.0)	0.8 days (0.2, 1.4)
Prairies	21.8 days (19.5, 23.5)	17.7 days (14.7, 20.6)	14.0 days (10.9, 16.5)	10.3 days (6.6, 12.9)	7.4 days (4.3, 10.2)	4.9 days (2.5, 8.2)	3.6 days (1.0, 5.8)
Ontario	16.0 days (14.5, 17.4)	12.0 days (9.3, 14.5)	8.4 days (5.4, 11.2)	5.4 days (2.5, 8.2)	3.3 days (1.1, 5.7)	1.5 days (0.4, 3.6)	0.7 days (0.1, 2.4)
Quebec	18.4 days (16.4, 21.0)	12.5 days (9.7, 16.7)	8.1 days (4.4, 11.7)	4.5 days (1.6, 8.2)	2.1 days (0.7, 5.2)	0.9 days (0.2, 3.1)	0.4 days (0.1, 1.6)
Atlantic Canada	5.2 days (4.6, 6.2)	3.5 days (2.4, 4.8)	2.0 days (1.1, 3.3)	1.0 days (0.3, 2.2)	0.5 days (0.2, 1.4)	0.2 days (0.1, 0.8)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.4)
Canada's North	70.2 days (67.7, 74.9)	60.2 days (54.1, 66.0)	50.1 days (39.3, 55.6)	39.2 days (27.7, 46.0)	29.3 days (17.5, 38.0)	21.3 days (10.6, 28.4)	14.0 days (5.1, 21.2)

Table 8.S7: **SU**: Number of summer days (Number of days per year with a maximum temperature above 25°C). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	15.0 days (13.6, 16.6)	18.4 days (16.7, 22.1)	22.1 days (18.9, 27.2)	26.7 days (22.3, 32.1)	31.2 days (26.1, 38.4)	36.2 days (29.4, 42.7)	43.0 days (33.9, 48.9)
British Columbia	9.2 days (8.4, 11.1)	12.8 days (10.1, 16.0)	16.3 days (13.2, 21.4)	21.0 days (15.8, 27.2)	26.4 days (19.9, 37.1)	33.8 days (23.2, 42.4)	40.7 days (28.4, 50.7)
Prairies	33.4 days (30.2, 37.2)	40.5 days (35.3, 47.3)	47.2 days (40.8, 56.6)	55.3 days (45.8, 67.1)	63.2 days (50.5, 76.4)	71.9 days (57.6, 81.3)	80.8 days (61.7, 89.7)
Ontario	36.5 days (32.8, 38.8)	43.6 days (38.9, 49.4)	51.5 days (44.3, 60.3)	60.5 days (51.4, 68.5)	67.9 days (56.6, 78.1)	77.6 days (63.8, 85.0)	85.2 days (69.9, 94.4)
Quebec	14.3 days (12.5, 15.8)	17.5 days (15.7, 21.7)	21.7 days (18.8, 26.1)	26.2 days (22.1, 30.8)	30.8 days (25.6, 37.8)	37.4 days (30.1, 44.7)	42.5 days (34.6, 51.3)
Atlantic Canada	13.0 days (11.9, 14.6)	16.2 days (14.9, 20.2)	20.9 days (17.8, 25.5)	26.1 days (21.3, 30.5)	31.0 days (24.4, 37.7)	37.1 days (29.6, 44.1)	44.4 days (34.5, 52.3)
Canada's North	3.0 days (2.4, 3.8)	3.9 days (3.0, 5.0)	5.2 days (3.9, 7.2)	6.9 days (5.2, 9.7)	8.4 days (6.7, 12.7)	10.4 days (7.2, 15.1)	13.3 days (9.2, 18.4)

Table 8.S8: **SU30**: Number of hot days (Number of days per year with a maximum temperature above 30°C). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	2.4 days (2.0, 2.9)	3.6 days (2.5, 4.8)	5.1 days (3.7, 7.7)	7.1 days (4.5, 10.5)	9.4 days (6.1, 14.2)	12.2 days (7.9, 17.3)	15.6 days (9.4, 21.5)
British Columbia	1.0 days (0.8, 1.4)	1.7 days (1.2, 2.6)	2.6 days (1.8, 4.4)	3.9 days (2.4, 6.3)	5.5 days (3.7, 9.8)	8.1 days (5.2, 12.8)	11.0 days (7.0, 17.0)
Prairies	6.8 days (5.7, 8.3)	10.1 days (7.1, 13.5)	13.5 days (9.5, 18.9)	18.2 days (11.7, 25.6)	23.5 days (14.3, 34.3)	29.6 days (18.9, 40.6)	36.3 days (21.7, 48.5)
Ontario	6.0 days (4.5, 7.0)	8.6 days (6.1, 13.2)	12.9 days (8.9, 17.8)	18.2 days (12.2, 26.4)	23.7 days (15.8, 32.3)	30.4 days (19.8, 40.0)	36.3 days (23.6, 48.7)
Quebec	1.8 days (1.5, 2.4)	2.6 days (2.0, 4.3)	4.0 days (2.8, 5.8)	5.5 days (4.0, 8.7)	7.5 days (5.1, 11.5)	10.2 days (6.5, 16.3)	12.9 days (8.1, 20.7)
Atlantic Canada	1.2 days (1.0, 1.5)	1.8 days (1.4, 3.3)	2.8 days (2.0, 4.4)	3.9 days (2.8, 6.4)	5.6 days (3.9, 9.0)	7.8 days (5.3, 12.8)	10.6 days (7.2, 17.3)
Canada's North	0.2 days (0.1, 0.3)	0.3 days (0.2, 0.5)	0.5 days (0.3, 0.9)	0.8 days (0.5, 1.6)	1.2 days (0.6, 2.5)	1.8 days (0.8, 3.2)	2.7 days (1.0, 4.6)

Table 8.S9: **TR**: Number of tropical nights (Number of days per year with a minimum temperature above 20°C). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	0.2 days (0.2, 0.3)	0.4 days (0.3, 0.6)	0.7 days (0.5, 1.0)	1.2 days (0.9, 1.7)	1.9 days (1.3, 2.9)	3.0 days (2.1, 4.6)	4.4 days (3.4, 5.7)
British Columbia	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.2)	0.2 days (0.1, 0.5)
Prairies	0.2 days (0.2, 0.3)	0.5 days (0.3, 0.9)	1.0 days (0.6, 1.5)	1.9 days (1.0, 3.2)	3.1 days (1.8, 5.5)	5.0 days (3.4, 8.2)	8.3 days (5.7, 12.1)
Ontario	1.3 days (1.0, 1.6)	2.2 days (1.7, 2.9)	3.7 days (2.8, 5.0)	5.6 days (4.3, 7.5)	8.1 days (5.9, 11.4)	12.0 days (8.8, 16.0)	16.7 days (12.9, 20.7)
Quebec	0.3 days (0.2, 0.3)	0.5 days (0.4, 0.7)	0.8 days (0.6, 1.2)	1.3 days (1.0, 2.0)	2.1 days (1.5, 2.9)	3.3 days (2.4, 5.1)	4.5 days (3.6, 7.1)
Atlantic Canada	0.2 days (0.1, 0.2)	0.4 days (0.3, 0.7)	0.8 days (0.5, 1.4)	1.5 days (1.0, 2.4)	2.6 days (1.6, 3.9)	4.5 days (2.6, 6.0)	7.1 days (4.2, 9.7)
Canada's North	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.2)	0.2 days (0.1, 0.4)	0.3 days (0.1, 0.7)

Table 8.S10: **FD**: Number of frost days (Number of days per year with a minimum temperature below 0°C). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	229.2 days (227.7, 232.0)	221.9 days (217.7, 225.3)	214.6 days (208.6, 219.2)	208.1 days (199.5, 213.6)	200.6 days (190.1, 208.8)	194.2 days (179.9, 202.8)	186.2 days (171.3, 197.9)
British Columbia	200.8 days (197.8, 204.1)	191.4 days (187.6, 195.7)	182.4 days (173.8, 187.5)	172.7 days (163.3, 179.1)	162.1 days (154.3, 171.9)	153.7 days (145.3, 165.5)	144.6 days (135.2, 161.0)
Prairies	205.6 days (202.8, 208.0)	198.4 days (195.0, 201.9)	191.6 days (187.0, 196.0)	185.1 days (178.5, 190.7)	179.7 days (172.3, 187.1)	174.0 days (163.8, 183.3)	167.4 days (156.7, 178.4)
Ontario	191.7 days (188.0, 194.8)	183.5 days (179.1, 187.2)	175.8 days (170.7, 181.1)	169.4 days (160.9, 176.0)	162.5 days (152.6, 172.2)	157.4 days (142.1, 166.3)	150.3 days (136.4, 161.5)
Quebec	216.4 days (213.0, 220.0)	208.1 days (202.0, 213.6)	200.8 days (191.8, 208.2)	193.4 days (181.5, 202.3)	185.9 days (171.5, 197.1)	179.4 days (160.8, 189.8)	170.0 days (151.6, 184.7)
Atlantic Canada	191.2 days (188.0, 194.5)	182.3 days (176.9, 187.2)	173.8 days (162.4, 182.8)	165.5 days (150.1, 177.0)	156.7 days (137.5, 170.2)	149.0 days (126.0, 161.1)	143.0 days (112.9, 152.7)
Canada's North	267.8 days (265.2, 270.4)	260.2 days (256.0, 265.9)	253.9 days (245.9, 261.1)	247.2 days (238.1, 254.7)	239.8 days (228.6, 249.8)	233.9 days (218.7, 244.9)	226.0 days (210.6, 239.6)

Table 8.S11: **ID**: Number of icing days (Number of days per year with a maximum temperature below 0°C). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	159.3 days (157.2, 161.4)	154.1 days (150.8, 156.6)	148.2 days (143.3, 152.9)	142.6 days (136.8, 148.3)	137.3 days (130.3, 144.1)	131.5 days (123.8, 139.0)	125.1 days (115.7, 133.0)
British Columbia	89.1 days (85.5, 91.6)	83.5 days (79.0, 86.9)	77.6 days (71.5, 81.6)	71.5 days (64.9, 77.2)	66.9 days (60.9, 72.0)	60.6 days (55.9, 68.8)	55.6 days (50.7, 63.6)
Prairies	124.3 days (121.3, 126.7)	119.8 days (116.1, 122.5)	115.8 days (109.8, 119.8)	110.7 days (104.6, 116.7)	106.4 days (100.7, 112.9)	102.3 days (95.1, 108.8)	96.9 days (90.2, 103.7)
Ontario	116.3 days (113.4, 118.6)	109.9 days (106.0, 113.7)	104.8 days (98.8, 109.3)	99.1 days (93.3, 104.3)	93.1 days (86.2, 99.0)	86.7 days (80.7, 95.8)	82.0 days (74.0, 90.4)
Quebec	142.4 days (140.1, 145.1)	136.6 days (130.6, 140.3)	130.8 days (121.3, 136.9)	124.6 days (115.0, 131.5)	117.0 days (107.2, 126.8)	110.0 days (100.2, 121.4)	102.0 days (92.2, 115.4)
Atlantic Canada	106.0 days (102.4, 109.4)	99.1 days (93.5, 103.6)	92.3 days (83.4, 100.5)	85.4 days (74.9, 94.3)	79.8 days (67.0, 89.8)	70.8 days (56.5, 83.2)	65.0 days (49.7, 77.6)
Canada's North	217.6 days (215.5, 219.4)	212.3 days (208.8, 216.3)	206.8 days (201.6, 213.0)	201.0 days (194.2, 208.0)	195.3 days (187.3, 203.9)	189.6 days (180.3, 198.4)	182.4 days (172.5, 191.0)

Table 8.S12: **TX90p**: Percentage of days per year with a maximum temperature greater than the 90th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	14.1 % (13.3, 15.4)	4.1 % (2.8, 5.8)	8.9 % (7.0, 12.0)	14.8 % (11.7, 19.4)	20.2 % (16.7, 26.8)	26.2 % (22.2, 32.5)	33.3 % (28.7, 39.6)
British Columbia	14.5 % (13.1, 15.5)	4.2 % (2.3, 6.1)	8.9 % (6.9, 13.5)	14.5 % (11.0, 19.2)	20.9 % (14.1, 25.2)	27.1 % (17.8, 32.9)	35.0 % (23.2, 39.5)
Prairies	13.5 % (12.2, 15.2)	3.6 % (1.7, 5.4)	7.4 % (4.9, 11.0)	11.9 % (8.2, 16.1)	15.8 % (11.4, 22.6)	20.5 % (14.0, 27.6)	26.0 % (18.9, 32.6)
Ontario	13.8 % (12.6, 15.4)	4.0 % (2.3, 5.8)	8.1 % (5.9, 11.6)	13.1 % (9.5, 18.2)	17.5 % (13.7, 23.5)	23.0 % (18.0, 29.0)	28.0 % (22.8, 35.7)
Quebec	14.1 % (12.7, 15.7)	4.0 % (2.0, 6.1)	8.7 % (5.2, 12.1)	14.2 % (9.8, 18.4)	19.2 % (14.0, 26.3)	26.0 % (20.5, 31.8)	33.8 % (25.9, 41.0)
Atlantic Canada	14.1 % (12.8, 15.1)	3.9 % (1.8, 6.3)	8.6 % (5.2, 12.5)	13.9 % (8.4, 17.6)	18.7 % (12.6, 25.0)	23.8 % (17.7, 32.3)	31.2 % (22.5, 39.8)
Canada's North	14.7 % (13.3, 16.4)	4.6 % (2.5, 6.7)	10.4 % (7.6, 14.0)	17.5 % (13.7, 21.6)	23.9 % (20.5, 30.6)	30.2 % (27.3, 37.1)	38.4 % (34.9, 44.9)

Table 8.S13: **TX10p**: Percentage of days per year with a maximum temperature less than the 10th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	6.6 % (5.9, 7.2)	-2.3 % (-3.0, -1.5)	-3.6 % (-4.5, -2.9)	-4.8 % (-5.3, -4.0)	-5.4 % (-5.9, -4.7)	-5.8 % (-6.1, -5.1)	-6.1 % (-6.3, -5.4)
British Columbia	7.7 % (6.2, 8.4)	-2.2 % (-3.2, -0.8)	-3.5 % (-4.7, -2.3)	-4.6 % (-5.8, -3.5)	-5.4 % (-6.3, -4.1)	-6.2 % (-7.0, -4.6)	-6.5 % (-7.5, -5.0)
Prairies	7.7 % (6.7, 8.3)	-2.1 % (-2.9, -1.0)	-3.6 % (-4.5, -2.6)	-4.8 % (-5.6, -3.9)	-5.6 % (-6.2, -4.7)	-6.2 % (-6.8, -5.2)	-6.6 % (-7.1, -5.6)
Ontario	6.8 % (5.8, 7.5)	-2.4 % (-2.8, -1.4)	-3.8 % (-4.6, -3.1)	-4.9 % (-5.5, -4.3)	-5.4 % (-6.0, -4.9)	-6.0 % (-6.5, -5.3)	-6.2 % (-6.7, -5.7)
Quebec	6.0 % (5.2, 7.3)	-2.4 % (-3.1, -1.3)	-3.8 % (-4.8, -2.8)	-4.7 % (-5.7, -3.8)	-5.2 % (-6.3, -4.2)	-5.5 % (-6.7, -4.7)	-5.6 % (-6.9, -4.9)
Atlantic Canada	6.1 % (5.1, 7.3)	-2.3 % (-3.0, -1.1)	-3.7 % (-4.6, -2.3)	-4.7 % (-5.4, -3.4)	-5.2 % (-6.0, -3.9)	-5.6 % (-6.3, -4.5)	-5.6 % (-6.5, -4.6)
Canada's North	6.0 % (5.2, 6.9)	-2.4 % (-3.3, -1.4)	-3.7 % (-4.7, -2.9)	-4.6 % (-5.4, -4.1)	-5.1 % (-5.8, -4.5)	-5.4 % (-6.2, -4.7)	-5.6 % (-6.1, -5.0)

Table 8.S14: **TN90p**: Percentage of days per year with a minimum temperature greater than the 90th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	15.4 % (14.3, 16.8)	5.7 % (3.9, 7.4)	12.8 % (9.5, 16.0)	20.5 % (16.5, 24.7)	28.3 % (23.4, 33.8)	35.1 % (30.2, 41.7)	44.2 % (37.2, 50.3)
British Columbia	16.3 % (14.6, 17.7)	6.8 % (4.6, 9.3)	14.9 % (11.9, 18.2)	23.8 % (19.0, 28.1)	32.3 % (25.5, 36.8)	39.9 % (32.9, 46.4)	47.7 % (38.5, 54.5)
Prairies	14.6 % (13.3, 16.0)	4.9 % (3.5, 6.8)	10.8 % (8.8, 14.2)	17.3 % (14.5, 21.2)	24.2 % (20.3, 28.5)	30.8 % (25.7, 35.9)	38.2 % (31.9, 43.5)
Ontario	14.2 % (12.8, 15.7)	4.3 % (2.7, 5.8)	9.0 % (7.1, 11.3)	14.5 % (12.3, 17.3)	20.6 % (16.5, 24.5)	27.1 % (22.0, 31.8)	34.6 % (26.4, 39.0)
Quebec	15.0 % (13.2, 16.9)	5.0 % (2.5, 7.1)	11.0 % (6.7, 14.7)	16.8 % (12.1, 22.9)	24.9 % (16.5, 32.1)	32.4 % (25.0, 40.1)	40.5 % (31.4, 49.0)
Atlantic Canada	15.4 % (13.7, 17.2)	5.0 % (1.9, 7.6)	11.4 % (6.2, 15.6)	17.5 % (10.7, 23.4)	25.0 % (15.7, 33.6)	31.9 % (23.1, 41.3)	39.8 % (28.6, 50.8)
Canada's North	16.2 % (14.5, 17.8)	6.2 % (3.9, 9.0)	15.0 % (10.5, 19.2)	24.2 % (18.8, 29.2)	33.0 % (27.0, 39.8)	41.0 % (35.1, 48.3)	50.1 % (43.0, 56.7)

Table 8.S15: **TN10p**: Percentage of days per year with a minimum temperature less than the 10th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	6.0 % (5.4, 7.0)	-2.4 % (-3.1, -1.6)	-3.8 % (-4.6, -3.1)	-4.7 % (-5.3, -4.0)	-5.2 % (-5.7, -4.5)	-5.6 % (-6.0, -4.8)	-5.8 % (-6.2, -5.1)
British Columbia	7.1 % (5.8, 8.1)	-2.2 % (-3.4, -0.9)	-3.6 % (-5.0, -2.6)	-4.7 % (-5.9, -3.6)	-5.3 % (-6.5, -4.3)	-5.9 % (-7.1, -4.8)	-6.3 % (-7.5, -5.2)
Prairies	7.0 % (6.1, 7.9)	-2.3 % (-3.1, -1.2)	-3.8 % (-4.8, -2.8)	-4.9 % (-5.8, -4.0)	-5.6 % (-6.4, -4.8)	-6.1 % (-6.8, -5.2)	-6.3 % (-7.3, -5.5)
Ontario	6.4 % (5.6, 7.5)	-2.5 % (-3.1, -1.6)	-4.0 % (-4.7, -3.2)	-5.0 % (-5.7, -4.2)	-5.6 % (-6.3, -4.7)	-6.0 % (-6.7, -5.2)	-6.1 % (-7.1, -5.4)
Quebec	5.5 % (4.8, 6.9)	-2.4 % (-3.2, -1.4)	-3.8 % (-5.0, -2.8)	-4.6 % (-5.6, -3.8)	-5.0 % (-6.1, -4.0)	-5.2 % (-6.4, -4.5)	-5.3 % (-6.6, -4.6)
Atlantic Canada	5.6 % (4.5, 6.5)	-2.5 % (-3.2, -1.1)	-3.8 % (-4.7, -2.0)	-4.6 % (-5.3, -3.4)	-5.0 % (-5.9, -3.8)	-5.4 % (-6.1, -4.3)	-5.2 % (-6.3, -4.2)
Canada's North	5.4 % (4.8, 6.5)	-2.5 % (-3.5, -1.6)	-3.7 % (-4.7, -2.9)	-4.4 % (-5.3, -3.7)	-4.8 % (-5.7, -4.2)	-4.9 % (-5.8, -4.2)	-5.0 % (-5.8, -4.6)

Table 8.S16: **WSDI**: Warm spell duration index (Annual count of days with at least six consecutive days when the maximum temperature is greater than the 90th percentile). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	14.0 days (11.8, 16.0)	21.8 days (18.0, 28.0)	33.6 days (28.5, 44.2)	50.1 days (41.9, 67.6)	68.0 days (56.8, 93.2)	89.9 days (74.0, 116.8)	115.9 days (100.0, 145.8)
British Columbia	17.0 days (12.2, 20.5)	25.0 days (19.6, 34.3)	37.5 days (29.1, 52.4)	53.1 days (41.1, 72.9)	73.3 days (54.3, 96.0)	96.2 days (65.6, 123.9)	122.9 days (82.8, 155.5)
Prairies	11.4 days (8.5, 14.1)	17.6 days (13.0, 24.4)	25.2 days (19.9, 38.4)	37.1 days (26.6, 53.4)	49.6 days (36.0, 73.1)	63.0 days (44.3, 94.6)	84.8 days (55.1, 114.9)
Ontario	9.9 days (7.0, 12.8)	15.9 days (12.5, 22.2)	24.5 days (18.3, 33.8)	36.0 days (25.5, 50.2)	48.7 days (36.1, 69.7)	66.9 days (46.2, 91.2)	85.2 days (62.5, 114.2)
Quebec	10.2 days (7.3, 13.5)	16.7 days (11.8, 23.3)	25.9 days (17.6, 38.7)	39.8 days (26.2, 54.0)	57.1 days (38.1, 80.1)	78.0 days (55.6, 105.5)	110.7 days (73.3, 137.4)
Atlantic Canada	7.4 days (4.3, 9.5)	11.6 days (7.3, 17.6)	19.8 days (12.2, 29.3)	30.6 days (16.5, 41.9)	44.3 days (24.7, 64.6)	61.1 days (37.4, 87.4)	88.0 days (53.3, 118.7)
Canada's North	17.5 days (13.6, 20.4)	28.3 days (21.9, 36.3)	44.4 days (35.4, 58.1)	68.0 days (53.7, 86.1)	91.6 days (74.5, 117.2)	116.0 days (101.0, 144.9)	148.1 days (132.0, 178.5)

Table 8.S17: **CSDI**: Cold spell duration index (Annual count of days with at least six consecutive days when the minimum temperature is below the 10th percentile). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	2.0 days (1.4, 2.8)	1.0 days (0.7, 1.6)	0.6 days (0.3, 0.9)	0.3 days (0.1, 0.6)	0.2 days (0.0, 0.4)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.3)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.2)
British Columbia	4.4 days (2.9, 6.6)	3.2 days (1.6, 4.8)	2.1 days (1.0, 3.5)	1.3 days (0.5, 2.4)	0.8 days (0.2, 2.0)	0.6 days (0.1, 1.4)	0.4 days (0.0, 1.0)
Prairies	2.8 days (1.6, 3.9)	1.6 days (1.0, 2.6)	0.8 days (0.4, 1.4)	0.5 days (0.2, 0.9)	0.3 days (0.1, 0.7)	0.2 days (0.0, 0.5)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.3)
Ontario	0.8 days (0.4, 1.6)	0.3 days (0.2, 0.7)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.4)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.2)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)
Quebec	0.5 days (0.2, 0.8)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.4)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)
Atlantic Canada	0.4 days (0.2, 1.0)	0.2 days (0.0, 0.4)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.2)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.0)
Canada's North	2.2 days (1.4, 3.0)	0.9 days (0.5, 1.4)	0.4 days (0.2, 0.8)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.4)	0.1 days (0.0, 0.2)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)	0.0 days (0.0, 0.1)

Table 8.S18: **GSL**: Growing season length (span of days between the first set of six consecutive days with mean temperatures above 5 °C and first set of six consecutive days with mean temperatures below 5 °C). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	117.8 days (115.2, 120.4)	125.1 days (121.9, 129.7)	132.8 days (127.5, 138.7)	140.0 days (133.5, 146.9)	145.9 days (139.2, 154.9)	151.2 days (144.9, 162.4)	159.3 days (150.2, 172.5)
British Columbia	159.1 days (153.9, 162.8)	167.4 days (162.9, 172.0)	175.3 days (170.0, 180.6)	183.3 days (177.5, 189.2)	191.4 days (184.3, 197.8)	198.3 days (189.8, 203.8)	205.6 days (195.6, 211.0)
Prairies	162.7 days (159.7, 166.8)	169.4 days (165.4, 174.1)	175.4 days (171.6, 180.6)	180.4 days (176.5, 187.5)	186.2 days (179.7, 193.1)	190.6 days (183.6, 198.0)	197.0 days (189.5, 202.4)
Ontario	168.3 days (164.8, 172.7)	176.3 days (171.5, 181.8)	182.8 days (178.0, 187.9)	189.0 days (182.2, 196.6)	193.6 days (185.1, 204.7)	200.3 days (191.8, 208.7)	205.9 days (196.5, 213.1)
Quebec	132.0 days (128.2, 136.8)	140.9 days (136.0, 146.8)	149.4 days (142.1, 156.5)	154.7 days (147.5, 164.8)	162.2 days (153.2, 174.6)	167.4 days (160.7, 182.4)	175.2 days (168.5, 191.7)
Atlantic Canada	150.6 days (146.7, 154.4)	158.4 days (154.1, 164.2)	166.4 days (159.2, 173.8)	173.6 days (164.5, 183.7)	180.1 days (170.8, 193.8)	185.8 days (179.8, 204.3)	195.1 days (186.9, 214.1)
Canada's North	63.4 days (59.7, 67.8)	70.8 days (64.7, 78.3)	78.8 days (69.9, 88.9)	87.5 days (77.2, 98.3)	94.9 days (83.9, 106.7)	100.0 days (91.3, 112.7)	109.6 days (97.1, 124.8)

Table 8.S19: **DTR**: Daily temperature range. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	9.1 °C (9.1, 9.3)	-0.1 °C (-0.2, 0.0)	-0.2 °C (-0.3, -0.0)	-0.3 °C (-0.5, -0.1)	-0.4 °C (-0.5, -0.1)	-0.5 °C (-0.8, -0.1)	-0.5 °C (-0.9, -0.1)
British Columbia	9.7 °C (9.6, 9.8)	-0.0 °C (-0.2, 0.1)	-0.1 °C (-0.3, 0.1)	-0.1 °C (-0.4, 0.0)	-0.1 °C (-0.6, 0.0)	-0.2 °C (-0.7, 0.1)	-0.2 °C (-0.8, 0.1)
Prairies	11.1 °C (11.0, 11.3)	-0.0 °C (-0.3, 0.1)	-0.2 °C (-0.4, 0.1)	-0.2 °C (-0.5, 0.1)	-0.3 °C (-0.7, -0.0)	-0.4 °C (-0.8, -0.0)	-0.4 °C (-0.9, 0.1)
Ontario	10.6 °C (10.5, 10.9)	-0.1 °C (-0.3, 0.2)	-0.2 °C (-0.4, 0.1)	-0.2 °C (-0.5, 0.1)	-0.3 °C (-0.7, 0.1)	-0.3 °C (-0.9, -0.0)	-0.5 °C (-1.0, 0.1)
Quebec	9.3 °C (9.2, 9.4)	-0.1 °C (-0.3, 0.1)	-0.2 °C (-0.4, 0.1)	-0.3 °C (-0.6, 0.0)	-0.4 °C (-0.7, -0.0)	-0.5 °C (-0.9, -0.2)	-0.6 °C (-1.1, -0.1)
Atlantic Canada	8.5 °C (8.4, 8.6)	-0.1 °C (-0.2, 0.1)	-0.2 °C (-0.3, 0.1)	-0.2 °C (-0.5, -0.0)	-0.3 °C (-0.6, -0.0)	-0.4 °C (-0.7, -0.1)	-0.4 °C (-0.8, -0.1)
Canada's North	7.8 °C (7.7, 7.9)	-0.1 °C (-0.2, -0.0)	-0.2 °C (-0.3, -0.1)	-0.3 °C (-0.5, -0.1)	-0.5 °C (-0.6, -0.2)	-0.6 °C (-0.8, -0.2)	-0.7 °C (-1.0, -0.2)

Table 8.S20: **RX1Day**: Annual maximum one-day precipitation. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a percent change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	23.9 mm (23.5, 24.2)	4.5 % (2.3, 6.4)	7.7 % (5.2, 10.4)	10.8 % (8.6, 13.0)	13.5 % (10.8, 17.3)	16.6 % (14.1, 21.4)	20.7 % (16.5, 25.0)
British Columbia	36.6 mm (35.4, 37.5)	3.4 % (-0.0, 8.4)	6.6 % (2.0, 12.2)	9.8 % (5.1, 15.8)	11.7 % (7.0, 18.5)	14.8 % (9.9, 22.2)	18.6 % (13.6, 25.6)
Prairies	26.0 mm (25.1, 26.8)	2.9 % (-1.3, 7.7)	5.4 % (0.1, 9.8)	6.8 % (-0.0, 12.1)	9.0 % (1.5, 15.2)	10.4 % (1.9, 18.8)	12.9 % (5.2, 22.9)
Ontario	30.1 mm (28.9, 31.0)	4.7 % (-0.3, 8.7)	8.1 % (2.4, 12.3)	9.9 % (5.7, 16.1)	11.4 % (7.2, 18.0)	14.5 % (7.6, 21.8)	17.1 % (12.4, 23.6)
Quebec	27.2 mm (26.3, 27.8)	5.3 % (2.6, 8.7)	8.6 % (5.2, 13.8)	11.9 % (8.6, 16.3)	14.8 % (11.0, 20.4)	19.1 % (14.6, 22.7)	22.4 % (17.0, 26.9)
Atlantic Canada	39.1 mm (38.4, 40.1)	4.8 % (2.1, 7.7)	8.6 % (5.3, 12.3)	12.2 % (8.1, 15.8)	14.9 % (11.2, 19.8)	18.5 % (14.7, 24.9)	22.5 % (17.2, 26.8)
Canada's North	14.8 mm (14.3, 15.1)	5.2 % (2.4, 8.4)	9.7 % (5.8, 14.1)	13.5 % (9.9, 17.8)	18.2 % (14.0, 22.4)	22.1 % (17.1, 28.1)	28.4 % (20.5, 31.6)

Table 8.S21: **RX2Day**: Annual maximum two-day precipitation. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a percent change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	33.1 mm (32.6, 33.8)	4.3 % (2.2, 6.5)	7.6 % (5.0, 10.1)	10.3 % (8.1, 13.2)	13.2 % (10.4, 16.3)	15.5 % (12.6, 20.6)	19.1 % (15.4, 24.0)
British Columbia	54.7 mm (53.0, 56.2)	3.1 % (-0.5, 7.7)	6.3 % (1.8, 11.1)	8.9 % (4.9, 14.4)	11.4 % (6.6, 17.1)	13.6 % (9.1, 20.8)	16.9 % (12.9, 25.9)
Prairies	35.6 mm (34.4, 36.8)	3.0 % (-2.0, 8.1)	5.2 % (-0.5, 9.7)	6.1 % (-0.8, 12.6)	8.1 % (1.3, 15.2)	10.9 % (-0.2, 18.0)	12.0 % (3.3, 22.4)
Ontario	40.4 mm (39.3, 41.5)	4.6 % (0.6, 9.4)	8.1 % (2.4, 13.1)	9.9 % (4.7, 16.0)	11.4 % (7.0, 17.9)	15.0 % (8.3, 20.8)	18.0 % (10.5, 23.4)
Quebec	37.4 mm (36.3, 38.3)	5.4 % (2.1, 8.9)	8.4 % (4.6, 13.3)	11.1 % (7.9, 16.0)	14.3 % (10.6, 20.4)	17.8 % (12.7, 22.4)	20.9 % (16.2, 25.7)
Atlantic Canada	52.5 mm (51.2, 54.0)	4.7 % (1.4, 8.2)	8.6 % (4.4, 11.8)	11.7 % (6.9, 15.5)	14.0 % (10.2, 19.7)	17.9 % (14.3, 23.4)	21.1 % (16.4, 26.2)
Canada's North	20.7 mm (20.2, 21.1)	4.6 % (2.2, 7.9)	9.0 % (5.8, 13.3)	13.0 % (9.5, 16.9)	17.7 % (13.4, 21.3)	21.2 % (16.6, 26.8)	27.2 % (19.9, 30.1)

Table 8.S22: **RX5Day**: Annual maximum five-day precipitation. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a percent change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	46.9 mm (46.1, 48.1)	3.7 % (1.7, 5.8)	6.7 % (4.1, 9.1)	9.3 % (6.9, 12.5)	12.0 % (9.3, 15.6)	14.4 % (11.0, 19.5)	17.6 % (13.7, 22.8)
British Columbia	87.3 mm (84.0, 90.3)	2.7 % (-1.2, 6.0)	5.9 % (0.7, 9.3)	9.1 % (4.1, 12.7)	11.2 % (5.8, 16.2)	13.3 % (7.4, 18.0)	16.1 % (10.0, 22.5)
Prairies	47.4 mm (46.3, 50.3)	2.9 % (-2.0, 7.5)	4.7 % (-1.1, 9.7)	5.5 % (-1.6, 12.3)	7.3 % (-1.4, 13.9)	8.4 % (-1.7, 17.4)	12.0 % (1.2, 22.0)
Ontario	55.1 mm (52.8, 56.9)	4.3 % (0.4, 8.3)	7.4 % (1.4, 11.3)	8.2 % (3.8, 15.0)	10.8 % (5.8, 16.2)	13.2 % (7.4, 18.7)	15.2 % (7.3, 22.7)
Quebec	53.0 mm (51.1, 55.2)	4.7 % (1.6, 7.8)	7.8 % (3.5, 11.6)	10.2 % (5.6, 14.5)	12.9 % (8.6, 18.8)	16.3 % (11.1, 21.9)	19.3 % (14.4, 24.7)
Atlantic Canada	72.2 mm (70.1, 74.8)	4.4 % (0.9, 7.6)	7.6 % (3.2, 11.6)	9.9 % (6.2, 13.8)	12.2 % (7.7, 17.7)	16.3 % (11.0, 19.5)	18.6 % (13.7, 24.3)
Canada's North	29.2 mm (28.3, 30.2)	4.2 % (1.7, 7.5)	8.7 % (5.2, 12.7)	12.4 % (9.1, 16.3)	16.5 % (12.2, 20.7)	20.5 % (15.5, 25.9)	26.3 % (19.6, 29.5)

Table 8.S23: **R10mm**: Number of days per year with one-day precipitation greater than 10mm. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	12.5 days (12.2, 12.7)	13.1 days (12.6, 13.7)	13.7 days (13.1, 14.6)	14.1 days (13.6, 15.1)	14.5 days (13.9, 15.7)	15.1 days (14.2, 16.6)	15.8 days (14.7, 17.3)
British Columbia	34.5 days (33.5, 35.7)	35.6 days (34.2, 36.8)	36.8 days (35.0, 38.8)	37.6 days (35.6, 39.4)	38.3 days (36.0, 40.6)	38.7 days (36.2, 41.6)	40.4 days (36.4, 42.5)
Prairies	7.9 days (7.5, 8.3)	8.2 days (7.5, 9.1)	8.6 days (7.8, 9.8)	8.7 days (7.8, 10.2)	8.8 days (7.8, 10.6)	9.3 days (8.0, 11.3)	9.5 days (8.3, 11.7)
Ontario	17.2 days (16.3, 17.7)	18.0 days (17.0, 19.5)	19.0 days (17.3, 20.4)	19.2 days (17.4, 20.9)	19.6 days (18.2, 21.5)	20.0 days (18.6, 23.0)	20.9 days (18.9, 23.9)
Quebec	18.8 days (18.3, 19.5)	20.3 days (19.1, 21.4)	21.4 days (20.3, 22.8)	22.1 days (21.0, 23.6)	23.3 days (21.6, 25.1)	24.3 days (22.4, 26.2)	24.9 days (23.5, 27.7)
Atlantic Canada	33.5 days (32.5, 34.5)	35.2 days (33.7, 36.9)	36.6 days (34.7, 38.5)	37.5 days (36.1, 39.0)	38.2 days (36.4, 40.0)	39.4 days (36.9, 41.2)	40.2 days (38.6, 42.3)
Canada's North	2.7 days (2.6, 2.8)	3.0 days (2.8, 3.2)	3.2 days (3.1, 3.5)	3.6 days (3.3, 3.8)	3.9 days (3.6, 4.2)	4.2 days (3.8, 4.8)	4.7 days (4.1, 5.1)

Table 8.S24: **R20mm**: Number of days per year with one-day precipitation greater than 20mm. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	2.8 days (2.7, 2.9)	3.0 days (2.9, 3.2)	3.2 days (3.1, 3.4)	3.4 days (3.2, 3.6)	3.6 days (3.3, 3.9)	3.8 days (3.5, 4.1)	4.0 days (3.7, 4.4)
British Columbia	11.6 days (11.1, 12.1)	12.1 days (11.6, 12.8)	12.7 days (12.1, 13.5)	13.2 days (12.3, 14.0)	13.5 days (12.6, 14.6)	14.0 days (12.7, 15.1)	14.5 days (13.0, 15.5)
Prairies	1.4 days (1.2, 1.5)	1.5 days (1.3, 1.7)	1.6 days (1.4, 1.9)	1.6 days (1.3, 1.9)	1.7 days (1.3, 2.1)	1.8 days (1.4, 2.3)	1.8 days (1.4, 2.5)
Ontario	3.0 days (2.8, 3.3)	3.4 days (3.0, 3.7)	3.7 days (3.1, 4.1)	3.9 days (3.3, 4.4)	4.0 days (3.5, 4.6)	4.2 days (3.7, 5.0)	4.6 days (3.8, 5.4)
Quebec	2.9 days (2.8, 3.1)	3.3 days (3.0, 3.6)	3.7 days (3.3, 4.1)	4.0 days (3.6, 4.4)	4.3 days (3.9, 4.8)	4.6 days (4.2, 5.2)	5.0 days (4.6, 5.5)
Atlantic Canada	8.3 days (7.9, 8.6)	9.1 days (8.5, 9.9)	9.9 days (9.1, 10.7)	10.4 days (9.9, 11.1)	10.8 days (10.2, 11.8)	11.6 days (10.8, 12.3)	12.1 days (11.5, 13.0)
Canada's North	0.4 days (0.4, 0.5)	0.5 days (0.5, 0.5)	0.5 days (0.5, 0.6)	0.6 days (0.6, 0.6)	0.6 days (0.6, 0.7)	0.7 days (0.6, 0.8)	0.8 days (0.7, 0.8)

Table 8.S25: **R95p**: Annual total precipitation from days with precipitation over the 95th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	126.1 mm (122.8, 129.8)	12.8 mm (7.4, 19.6)	24.6 mm (15.6, 34.8)	34.8 mm (25.6, 45.1)	45.0 mm (32.7, 58.0)	54.3 mm (41.6, 76.0)	68.7 mm (53.6, 90.7)
British Columbia	248.2 mm (230.0, 262.0)	21.1 mm (4.8, 42.9)	44.0 mm (21.5, 68.7)	69.4 mm (40.0, 89.3)	85.1 mm (56.5, 115.5)	102.3 mm (71.2, 144.5)	124.2 mm (98.1, 188.2)
Prairies	103.4 mm (97.4, 110.4)	6.2 mm (-4.8, 17.6)	13.1 mm (2.0, 24.8)	15.3 mm (0.8, 33.0)	18.3 mm (1.4, 41.7)	26.4 mm (2.7, 54.0)	27.8 mm (7.8, 61.9)
Ontario	164.1 mm (154.0, 175.0)	14.7 mm (0.4, 31.8)	30.1 mm (6.7, 50.1)	37.6 mm (14.5, 56.6)	42.4 mm (21.2, 71.4)	50.1 mm (28.9, 92.0)	67.4 mm (38.2, 114.1)
Quebec	180.1 mm (172.2, 188.9)	22.8 mm (8.0, 34.4)	40.4 mm (25.7, 57.6)	54.6 mm (36.4, 73.9)	72.1 mm (50.9, 96.6)	88.7 mm (62.2, 119.6)	109.5 mm (81.0, 141.3)
Atlantic Canada	250.2 mm (238.6, 263.4)	31.4 mm (15.7, 52.6)	57.3 mm (31.6, 83.6)	78.9 mm (58.3, 104.7)	97.1 mm (75.2, 125.8)	117.8 mm (93.1, 161.3)	144.4 mm (112.7, 182.8)
Canada's North	59.8 mm (56.2, 63.0)	7.6 mm (3.4, 11.3)	14.9 mm (9.1, 19.5)	21.7 mm (16.6, 28.8)	29.9 mm (22.8, 38.4)	37.9 mm (29.9, 52.0)	49.6 mm (38.8, 60.4)

Table 8.S26: **R99p**: Annual total precipitation from days with precipitation over the 99th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	39.9 mm (38.0, 41.7)	6.3 mm (3.2, 9.3)	11.7 mm (8.3, 16.1)	17.2 mm (13.1, 21.5)	22.7 mm (17.0, 28.5)	28.1 mm (21.9, 37.3)	35.0 mm (27.8, 44.2)
British Columbia	75.0 mm (67.4, 84.3)	9.5 mm (-0.2, 21.7)	19.5 mm (9.2, 32.0)	33.2 mm (18.1, 44.4)	42.4 mm (26.1, 57.9)	52.2 mm (34.7, 70.6)	65.3 mm (51.3, 94.4)
Prairies	34.5 mm (30.9, 38.2)	3.0 mm (-1.5, 8.5)	6.0 mm (0.2, 11.8)	7.7 mm (0.5, 13.4)	9.4 mm (-0.1, 18.8)	11.6 mm (1.1, 23.8)	13.2 mm (3.9, 29.5)
Ontario	50.5 mm (46.1, 56.9)	8.5 mm (0.5, 16.9)	15.6 mm (4.8, 23.9)	20.1 mm (10.3, 31.4)	22.7 mm (13.2, 38.5)	29.6 mm (17.1, 49.1)	37.8 mm (23.9, 58.2)
Quebec	55.4 mm (51.8, 60.3)	11.1 mm (4.6, 17.0)	20.2 mm (12.6, 27.1)	27.6 mm (19.8, 36.9)	37.6 mm (26.2, 49.3)	45.8 mm (34.8, 60.0)	58.2 mm (45.5, 71.5)
Atlantic Canada	77.0 mm (72.2, 83.6)	15.6 mm (8.0, 23.3)	27.4 mm (17.0, 40.4)	41.9 mm (29.4, 52.2)	51.4 mm (40.0, 69.1)	64.6 mm (51.6, 91.3)	82.2 mm (60.4, 100.9)
Canada's North	19.6 mm (18.1, 21.0)	3.2 mm (1.3, 5.3)	6.7 mm (4.0, 9.5)	9.7 mm (7.0, 13.1)	13.7 mm (9.6, 16.8)	17.2 mm (13.2, 23.2)	23.8 mm (17.2, 27.5)

Table 8.S27: **R95days**: Number of days with precipitation over the 95th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	7.4 days (7.2, 7.6)	8.0 days (7.7, 8.6)	8.6 days (8.2, 9.4)	9.3 days (8.8, 10.1)	9.8 days (9.2, 10.8)	10.4 days (9.7, 11.8)	11.2 days (10.4, 12.7)
British Columbia	9.7 days (9.1, 10.3)	10.4 days (9.7, 11.5)	11.2 days (10.4, 12.4)	12.2 days (11.1, 13.1)	12.8 days (11.7, 14.0)	13.6 days (12.2, 15.0)	14.2 days (13.1, 16.2)
Prairies	6.2 days (5.8, 6.6)	6.5 days (5.8, 7.2)	6.8 days (6.1, 7.8)	6.9 days (6.2, 8.2)	7.2 days (6.1, 8.7)	7.5 days (6.3, 9.1)	7.8 days (6.5, 9.7)
Ontario	8.6 days (8.0, 9.1)	9.2 days (8.4, 10.3)	10.0 days (8.8, 11.0)	10.1 days (8.7, 11.4)	10.3 days (9.3, 12.0)	10.7 days (9.7, 13.2)	11.5 days (9.8, 13.9)
Quebec	10.5 days (9.9, 10.9)	11.6 days (10.7, 12.4)	12.5 days (11.6, 13.5)	13.3 days (12.3, 14.3)	14.1 days (12.8, 15.6)	14.8 days (13.8, 16.8)	15.9 days (14.6, 18.2)
Atlantic Canada	10.1 days (9.6, 10.7)	11.3 days (10.5, 12.1)	12.2 days (11.2, 13.0)	13.0 days (12.1, 13.7)	13.5 days (12.6, 14.4)	14.3 days (13.5, 15.5)	15.4 days (14.2, 16.2)
Canada's North	5.6 days (5.3, 5.9)	6.2 days (5.8, 6.7)	6.8 days (6.4, 7.5)	7.4 days (6.9, 8.2)	8.1 days (7.4, 9.1)	8.9 days (7.9, 10.1)	9.7 days (8.9, 11.1)

Table 8.S28: **R99days**: Number of days with precipitation over the 99th percentile. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	1.6 days (1.5, 1.6)	1.8 days (1.7, 1.9)	2.0 days (1.8, 2.2)	2.2 days (2.0, 2.4)	2.4 days (2.1, 2.7)	2.6 days (2.3, 3.0)	2.9 days (2.6, 3.3)
British Columbia	2.0 days (1.8, 2.2)	2.3 days (2.0, 2.7)	2.5 days (2.2, 3.0)	2.9 days (2.5, 3.2)	3.1 days (2.7, 3.6)	3.4 days (2.9, 3.9)	3.7 days (3.3, 4.4)
Prairies	1.3 days (1.2, 1.4)	1.4 days (1.2, 1.6)	1.5 days (1.2, 1.7)	1.5 days (1.2, 1.8)	1.6 days (1.2, 2.0)	1.7 days (1.2, 2.2)	1.8 days (1.3, 2.3)
Ontario	1.8 days (1.6, 2.0)	2.0 days (1.8, 2.4)	2.3 days (1.9, 2.7)	2.4 days (1.9, 2.8)	2.5 days (2.0, 3.1)	2.8 days (2.2, 3.5)	2.9 days (2.3, 3.7)
Quebec	2.2 days (2.1, 2.4)	2.6 days (2.4, 2.9)	3.0 days (2.6, 3.3)	3.3 days (3.0, 3.7)	3.6 days (3.2, 4.2)	4.0 days (3.7, 4.5)	4.4 days (4.0, 5.0)
Atlantic Canada	2.1 days (2.0, 2.4)	2.6 days (2.3, 2.9)	2.9 days (2.5, 3.3)	3.3 days (2.9, 3.7)	3.6 days (3.2, 4.1)	3.9 days (3.5, 4.5)	4.4 days (3.8, 4.9)
Canada's North	1.2 days (1.1, 1.3)	1.4 days (1.2, 1.5)	1.5 days (1.4, 1.7)	1.7 days (1.5, 1.9)	1.9 days (1.7, 2.2)	2.2 days (1.9, 2.6)	2.5 days (2.2, 2.8)

Table 8.S29: **SDII**: Simple precipitation intensity index (Average daily precipitation intensity on wet days.). Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are expressed as a change relative to the recent past. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	4.1 mm (4.0, 4.1)	0.1 mm (0.0, 0.1)	0.2 mm (0.1, 0.2)	0.2 mm (0.2, 0.3)	0.3 mm (0.2, 0.4)	0.3 mm (0.2, 0.5)	0.4 mm (0.3, 0.6)
British Columbia	6.4 mm (6.2, 6.4)	0.1 mm (-0.0, 0.3)	0.3 mm (0.1, 0.5)	0.4 mm (0.3, 0.6)	0.5 mm (0.3, 0.7)	0.6 mm (0.4, 0.9)	0.8 mm (0.5, 1.1)
Prairies	4.0 mm (4.0, 4.1)	0.1 mm (-0.0, 0.2)	0.1 mm (0.0, 0.2)	0.1 mm (0.0, 0.3)	0.2 mm (0.0, 0.4)	0.2 mm (0.0, 0.5)	0.2 mm (0.1, 0.6)
Ontario	4.8 mm (4.8, 4.9)	0.1 mm (0.0, 0.2)	0.2 mm (0.1, 0.3)	0.2 mm (0.1, 0.4)	0.3 mm (0.1, 0.5)	0.3 mm (0.2, 0.6)	0.4 mm (0.2, 0.7)
Quebec	4.7 mm (4.6, 4.8)	0.1 mm (0.0, 0.2)	0.2 mm (0.1, 0.3)	0.3 mm (0.2, 0.4)	0.4 mm (0.2, 0.5)	0.5 mm (0.3, 0.6)	0.5 mm (0.4, 0.7)
Atlantic Canada	6.4 mm (6.2, 6.4)	0.2 mm (0.1, 0.3)	0.3 mm (0.2, 0.5)	0.5 mm (0.3, 0.6)	0.5 mm (0.4, 0.7)	0.6 mm (0.5, 0.9)	0.8 mm (0.6, 1.0)
Canada's North	2.8 mm (2.8, 2.8)	0.1 mm (0.0, 0.1)	0.1 mm (0.1, 0.2)	0.2 mm (0.1, 0.2)	0.2 mm (0.2, 0.3)	0.3 mm (0.2, 0.4)	0.3 mm (0.2, 0.4)

Table 8.S30: **CDD**: Maximum number of consecutive dry days each year. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	21.9 days (21.3, 22.4)	21.3 days (20.6, 22.0)	20.7 days (20.0, 21.6)	20.2 days (19.3, 21.2)	19.8 days (18.8, 21.0)	19.4 days (18.2, 20.6)	19.2 days (18.0, 20.0)
British Columbia	17.3 days (16.5, 18.0)	17.3 days (16.3, 18.5)	17.3 days (16.3, 18.5)	17.4 days (16.1, 18.7)	17.5 days (16.6, 18.7)	17.9 days (16.6, 19.9)	17.9 days (16.6, 20.3)
Prairies	21.4 days (20.4, 22.8)	21.3 days (20.0, 22.9)	21.1 days (19.9, 22.7)	20.8 days (19.6, 22.6)	20.9 days (19.2, 22.4)	20.8 days (19.0, 22.4)	20.6 days (19.2, 22.0)
Ontario	13.6 days (12.9, 14.2)	13.6 days (12.7, 14.6)	13.5 days (12.5, 14.7)	13.4 days (12.7, 14.7)	13.6 days (12.6, 14.8)	13.5 days (12.7, 14.9)	13.6 days (12.6, 14.8)
Quebec	12.0 days (11.2, 12.8)	11.8 days (11.0, 12.5)	11.5 days (10.8, 12.5)	11.4 days (10.5, 12.4)	11.3 days (10.6, 12.4)	11.0 days (10.3, 12.1)	11.0 days (10.3, 12.0)
Atlantic Canada	10.6 days (10.0, 11.5)	10.5 days (10.0, 11.4)	10.4 days (9.8, 11.4)	10.4 days (9.8, 11.2)	10.4 days (9.7, 11.3)	10.4 days (9.7, 11.2)	10.4 days (9.6, 10.9)
Canada's North	30.5 days (29.4, 31.4)	29.2 days (28.1, 30.5)	28.0 days (26.7, 29.1)	26.8 days (25.5, 28.1)	25.9 days (24.4, 27.7)	24.9 days (22.9, 26.8)	24.0 days (22.0, 25.6)

Table 8.S31: **CWD**: Maximum number of consecutive wet days each year. Region-averaged values for the recent past (+1 °C) climatology and projections at different global warming levels. See Chapter 3, Box 3.1 for an explanation of how global warming levels translate to increases in Canadian average temperatures over different time periods. Projections are based on CanDCS-M6, an ensemble of 26 downscaled and bias-corrected CMIP6 models. The ensemble median is listed, with the 80% uncertainty range in parentheses. Data Source: Sobie et al. (2024).

	+1.0 °C	+1.5 °C	+2.0 °C	+2.5 °C	+3.0 °C	+3.5 °C	+4.0 °C
Canada	9.7 days (9.3, 10.1)	9.8 days (9.5, 10.3)	10.1 days (9.7, 10.5)	10.4 days (9.8, 10.9)	10.7 days (10.0, 11.4)	11.2 days (10.3, 11.8)	11.4 days (10.5, 12.2)
British Columbia	16.6 days (16.2, 17.5)	16.7 days (16.2, 17.6)	16.9 days (16.1, 17.9)	17.0 days (16.0, 18.0)	17.0 days (16.1, 18.0)	17.2 days (16.4, 18.2)	17.2 days (16.2, 18.0)
Prairies	7.7 days (7.4, 8.4)	7.8 days (7.4, 8.4)	7.9 days (7.5, 8.4)	8.0 days (7.6, 8.6)	8.0 days (7.6, 8.7)	8.1 days (7.7, 8.8)	8.2 days (7.7, 9.1)
Ontario	9.2 days (8.9, 9.9)	9.4 days (9.0, 9.9)	9.7 days (9.1, 10.1)	9.8 days (9.3, 10.4)	10.1 days (9.3, 10.8)	10.4 days (9.4, 11.4)	10.8 days (9.3, 12.0)
Quebec	12.5 days (11.9, 13.7)	13.2 days (12.2, 14.1)	13.6 days (12.7, 14.7)	14.2 days (13.1, 16.0)	14.7 days (13.4, 17.5)	15.8 days (13.9, 18.4)	16.2 days (14.4, 19.1)
Atlantic Canada	11.2 days (10.5, 12.1)	11.4 days (10.7, 12.1)	11.5 days (10.9, 12.2)	11.6 days (10.8, 12.5)	11.8 days (10.9, 13.1)	11.9 days (11.0, 13.2)	12.1 days (11.4, 13.8)
Canada's North	7.6 days (7.3, 8.2)	7.8 days (7.5, 8.3)	8.1 days (7.7, 8.6)	8.4 days (7.9, 8.9)	8.7 days (8.1, 9.3)	9.0 days (8.4, 9.7)	9.3 days (8.6, 10.4)

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